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TITLE:

APPARATUS FOR MOUNTING A SPRAY CAN

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FIELD OF THE INVENTION

- [01] The present invention relates to a spray gun with an extendable member for enabling the user to spray objects at an elevated height or at a distant position from the user. While the present invention may be used to spray any object, a particular embodiment discussed herewith relates to an apparatus for spraying wounds on trees caused by pruning or other maintenance.
- [02] It should be understood that the present apparatus could be utilized to spray paints, cleaners, nutrients, insecticide, herbicide, or any product housed in an aerosol can having a spray activator push button.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

- [03] When a tree is pruned by having a branch cut, an exposed wound is left behind. Left untreated, the exposed wound leaves the tree vulnerable to invasion by insects and infection by diseases such as Oak Wilt. To prevent this harm to the tree, the wound must be sealed.
- [04] One method of sealing exposed tree wounds is through the use of a spray tree wound sealant.

 A representative product of this type is Treekote Aerosol Wound Dressing which is provided in a 12 ounce push-button spray can.
- [05] While simple and efficient to use, the utility of wound dressings of this sort is limited by the requirement that the user must be relatively close to the tree wound in order to apply the dressing. For tall trees this involves either the use of a ladder or a lift bucket. Both of which add to the risk and expense of applying wound dressing.
- [06] Applicant's invention provides a manner of applying wound dressing to a tree wound from the safety of the ground without the time-consuming process of climbing a ladder or being lifted in a

bucket. Again, it should be understood that any product housed in an aerosol spray can with a pushbutton activator may be mounted to the present invention to provide the extension needed.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[07] The present invention consists of a spray gun apparatus that cradles an aerosol can and is adapted to accept a telescoping extension pole to elevate the aerosol can and still allow the user to activate the sprayer push-button more remotely.

[08] A rope, cable, or other similar article is attached to a trigger lever adapted to the spray gun to allow a user standing on the ground to depress the button while the can is extended outwardly or upwardly at the end of an extension pole. When the rope is pulled toward the user, a trigger lever engages a trigger yoke which depresses the spraying mechanism of the aerosol can which dispenses the product at the remote location. When the rope is released, the spraying action terminates. The rope and the extension pole are maintained in a generally parallel relationship by the angle of the lever mechanism.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

- [09] Fig. 1 is a side elevation view of an embodiment of the invention.
- [10] Fig. 2 is a detailed side view of the embodiment of Fig. 1 showing the trigger lever pivoted and engaged with the trigger yoke while the yoke stabilizes the top of the aerosol can and the trigger hammer depresses the push button.
- [11] Fig. 3 is a detailed front elevation view of the present invention showing the spray actuator within the yoke engaged with the spray button of the aerosol can.

- [12] Fig. 4 is a side perspective view of the present invention showing an alternative embodiment of the base support.
- [13] Fig. 4A is a perspective view of yet another base support embodiment (molded) attached to the handle.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

- [14] Referring to Figs. 1-4, the present apparatus 10 for extending an aerosol spray can 12 to a remote location may be seen. As seen in Fig. 1, the apparatus 10 includes a can base support 14 attached to a generally vertical handle section 16. The handle 16 has a coupling 18 at a first end 19 for connection to a telescoping pole 15. The other end 21 is attached to an upper support member or body 20. The upper support member 20 supports the pivotable trigger lever 22 and the trigger yoke 24. One end 23 of the yoke 24 provides an upper clamping member 26 for securing the top 27 of the aerosol can 12 with the can's spray push-button 28 between opposite sides (63 and 65) (Fig. 3) of the yoke 24. The other end 25 of the yoke is attached to an extension end 21 of the handle 16. It should be understood that the upper support member 20 including the trigger yoke 24 may be one unitary piece.
- [15] Fig. 2 illustrates a detailed view of the trigger lever 22 pivotably attached to support 20 and engaging the trigger hammer 32 within the yoke. When a rope, cable, cord, or the like 33 attached to a first arm 34 of lever 22 is pulled, the lever 22 pivots about pivot point 35, moving the second arm 36 of the lever in a generally perpendicular direction to the direction of pull. As the second arm 36 moves, it engages the trigger hammer 32 rotating it to depress the can's push-button 28 thereby dispensing the product from the pressurized aerosol can 12 (Fig. 2). Releasing the rope 33 allows

the lever 22 to pivot oppositely and the hammer 32 retracts, the push-button is allowed to extend and close, stopping the dispensing of product. A spring mechanism (not shown) may be used to assist in movement to the retract position.

- It has been found that the angle of the lever arms 34 and 36 should be slightly greater than 90° for the most effective operation of the apparatus 10. A range of 91° 101° is the preferred range with the lower portion of the range $(91^{\circ}$ $93^{\circ})$ being most preferred. Because the angle of the rope pull changes as the apparatus is extended more remotely, having the lever angle at or less than 90° results in greater effort to pivot the lever 22 and move the hammer 32. The closer to parallel that the longitudinal axis L_R of the rope 33 and the longitudinal axis of the L_P of the pole 15 are kept the more efficient the operation of the apparatus.
- an adjustable strap 40 extending between the handle 16 and the bottom 42 of the can. A resilient space 44 maintains the proper alignment and orientation of the can 12 relative to the upper clamping member 26. Fig. 4 illustrates an alternative support 14' which has opposing arms 50 and 52 affixed to the handle 16. Arms 50 and 52 are flexible such that they may be urged apart to insert the can and then clamp tightly around the can base to hold the can. At least 60 percent of the outer circumference of the can is clamped by arms 50 and 52. Fig. 4A shows a unitary molded base 14" with resilient arms that slide up and down the handle 16.
- [18] Although the invention has been described with reference to specific embodiments, this description is not meant to be construed in a limited sense. Various modifications of the disclosed embodiments, as well as alternative embodiments of the inventions will become apparent to persons

skilled in the art upon the reference to the description of the invention. It is, therefore, contemplated that the appended claims will cover such modifications that fall within the scope of the invention.